Peer Consultation: Classical Argument & Veterans Issues

Mr. Eble, AP Language & Composition

| Name of Writer: | Name of Buddy Consultant: |
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| Places complete the following for your | n own nonew |
| Please complete the following for your own paper: Pre-Conference: On what areas would I like to focus on revising? Why? | |
| Tre-conterence. On what areas would rinke to rocus on revising: why: | |
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| During the Conference: What errors / i | issues is my buddy consultant noting that I need to revise? |
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| Post-Conference Action Plan: Based u | upon my buddy consultant's comments, how can I revise my writing? |
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Resources for Composing this Editorial

Harvard University Writing Center on Counterargument

A Winthrop University site on Classical Argument

Purdue OWL on Organizing Argument according to Toulmin

U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs Website

U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs Website on Homelessness

Self-Revision of Classical Argument: Do I achieve each of the following? Write your response in the space to the right.

Yes / No, Explain Why / Why Not

Introduction (Exordium)

Capture the audience's attention. Introduce the issue and create exigence for your claim. Why is this an issue? Why do we need to pay attention?

Statement of Background (Narratio)

Supply the context needed to understand the case you present. What circumstances, occurrences, or conditions do we need to be made aware of?

Proposition (Partitio)

State your position (claim/thesis), based on the information you have presented, and outline the major points that will follow. The *partitio* divides the background information from the reasoning.

Proof (Confirmatio)

Present your reasons, subclaims, and evidence. Establish inferences between claim and support. Provide additional evidence for subclaims and evidence, where necessary. Explain and justify assumptions.

Refutation (**Refutatio**)

Anticipate and refute opposing arguments. In this section you demonstrate that you have already considered the issue thoroughly and have reached the only reasonable conclusion.

Conclusion (Peroratio)

Summarize the most important points. Make a final appeal to values, motivations, and feelings that are likely to encourage the audience to identify with your argument